

THE AMERICAN UNIVERSITY BULLETIN

SCHOOL OF THE POLITICAL SCIENCES
ANNUAL CATALOG 1927-1928

ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR 1928-1929



WASHINGTON, D. C.

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CALENDAR 1928-29

1928

Sept. 24	Sat. to	} Registration.
Sept. 26	Wed.	
Sept. 27	Thurs.	Lectures begin.
Nov. 28	Wed.	Thanksgiving recess begins at noon.
Dec. 3	Mon.	Work resumed at noon.
Dec. 21	Fri.	Christmas recess begins at noon.

1929

Jan. 2	Wed.	Work resumed at noon.
Jan. 19-25		Examinations.
Jan. 26-28		Registrations.
Jan. 29	Tues.	Work resumed at noon.
Feb. 22	Fri.	Washington's Birthday; holiday.
Mar. 28	Thurs.	Easter recess begins at noon.
Apr. 2	Tues.	Work resumed at noon.
May 20-25		Examinations.
June 3	Mon.	Commencement Day.

CORRESPONDENCE

Information regarding entrance requirements, admission fees, and courses can be secured by writing to the Director of the School of the Political Sciences, 1907 F St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

SUMMER OFFICE HOURS

During the months of June, July, and August, the office hours of the Director, at 1907 F St. will be as follows:

Mondays,	4.30-6.00 P. M.
Thursdays,	4.30-6.00 P. M.
Saturdays,	1.00-2.00 P. M.

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TERMS EXPIRE IN JUNE, 1939

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Edward F. Colladay, 3734 Northampton St. N. W., Washington.

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Calvert Crary, 21 Foster Street, Newtonville, Massachusetts.

Gilbert H. Grosvenor, 1328 18th Street, Washington.

J. Phelps Hand, 100 Maryland Avenue N. E., Washington.

Harry Hoskinson, 3410 Garfield Street, Washington.

Samuel H. Kauffman, 2330 Tracy Place, Washington.

John C. Letts, 3200 Ellicott Street, Washington.

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*Deceased.

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EXECUTIVE: Mr. Letts, *Chairman*; Mr. Bell, Dr. Christie, Mr. Church, Mr. Colladay, Mr. Cooper, Mr. Corby, Mr. Galliher, Dr. Hand, Bishop McDowell, Mr. Roper, Dr. True, and *ex-officio* member: Chancellor Clark.

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IDA LETTS EDUCATIONAL FUND: Mr. Corby, *Chairman*; Chancellor Clark and Mr. Walter.

HISTORY OF THE UNIVERSITY

The desire to establish in Washington an institution of higher learning devoted to the principles of Protestant Christianity was expressed soon after the Civil War; but not until twenty-five years later was the desire carried out. The leader of the movement to establish a university in Washington was Bishop John Fletcher Hurst, of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

He purchased the site, now occupied by the College of Liberal Arts, in 1890. In 1893 a charter for The American University was granted by Congress, and a Board of Trustees was organized. Then Bishop Hurst began the courageous and arduous task of raising funds for buildings. The first building (now the Hurst Hall of History) was completed in 1898.

The first unit of the University to be established was the Graduate School. This was formally opened by President Wilson on May 27, 1914, and some work was offered during the following year. Classes were not regularly enrolled, however, until 1920. In that year the University purchased property on F Street between Nineteenth and Twentieth Streets and offered instruction in two schools—the Graduate School of Arts and Sciences and the Graduate School of Diplomacy and Jurisprudence. The name of the latter was changed in 1924 to the Graduate School of the Political Sciences.

The establishment of the College of Liberal Arts was approved by the Trustees in June, 1924, and the College was opened on September 23, 1925. In January, 1926, the Trustees adopted a plan of reorganization consolidating all of the graduate work in the one Graduate School and creating a senior college to be known as the School of the Political Sciences with junior and senior courses leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Political Science and Bachelor of Science in Commerce.

OFFICERS OF INSTRUCTION

- LUCIUS CHARLES CLARK, S.T.B. (Boston University); D.D. (Upper Iowa); Chancellor.
- ALBERT HUTCHINSON PUTNEY, Ph.D. (The American University); Director, and Professor of Constitutional Law and Diplomatic History.
- EDWARD THOMAS DEVINE, Ph.D. (Pennsylvania); Professor of Social Economy.
- FREDERICK JUCHHOFF, Ph.D. (Kansas City University); Professor of Economics.
- ELLERY CORY STOWELL, Docteur en Droit (Paris); Professor of International Law. On leave of absence 1928-29.
- JOHN EDWARD BENTLEY, Th.D. (Wesleyan, McGill); Professor of Psychology.
- GEORGE STEWART DUNCAN, Ph.D. (Dickinson); Professor of Oriental History and Literature.
- CHARLES CALLAN TANSILL, Ph.D. (Johns Hopkins); Professor of History.
- JOHN HENRY GRAY, Ph.D. (University of Halle); Professor of Economics.
- KNUTE E. CARLSON, Ph.D. (Pennsylvania); Adjunct Professor of Foreign Trade.
- CHARLES W. NEEDHAM, LL.D. (Rochester); Lecturer in Political Science.
- BLAINE FREE MOORE, Ph.D. (Columbia); Lecturer in Political Science.
- GILBERT OWEN NATIONS, Ph.D. (The American University); Lecturer in Jurisprudence.
- WILLIAM CULLEN DENNIS, LL.B. (Harvard); Professor of International Law.
- EDWIN SEWARD PULLER, LL.M. (National); Lecturer in Citizenship.
- WILLIAM RAY MANNING, Ph.D. (Chicago); Lecturer in Latin-American Trade.
- WILLIAM ALFRED REID, LL.M. (Southern Normal); Lecturer in Commerce.
- HORACE B. DRURY, Ph.D. (Columbia); Lecturer in Economics.

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WILLIAM CATTRON RIGBY, Lt. Col., U. S. A.; Lecturer in
Colonial and Spanish Law.

FRED TELFORD, M.A. (George Washington); Lecturer in
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KNIGHT DUNLAP, Ph.D. (Harvard); Lecturer in Social
Psychology.

CHARLES STILLMAN MORGAN, Ph.D. (Yale); Lecturer
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GEORGE F. WELLS, LL.B. (Michigan); Lecturer in the Law
of Public Utilities.

LEIFUR MAGNUSSON, LL.B. (Georgetown); Lecturer in
Political Science.

HENRY BERNARD HAZARD, D.C.L. (The American Uni-
versity); Lecturer in Naturalization.

WILLIAM ROY VALLANCE, LL.B. (Columbia); Lecturer in
the Law of Treaties.

BERNARD MAYO, M.A. (George Washington); Instructor in
English.

(To be announced)

Instructor in Accounting.

C. HENRY LEINEWEBER, Ph.D. (Fribourg); Assistant Pro-
fessor in German, Polish and Russian Languages.

ANTONIO ALONSO, M.A. (Indiana); Instructor in Spanish.

RUTH DEVINE, A.B.; Instructor in French.

LANGWORTHY MARCHANT; Instructor in French and
Portuguese.

OTTO DVOULETY, D.C.L. (The American University); In-
structor in Czech.

[Professors and Adjunct Professors are considered of equal
academic rank—the word adjunct simply indicating that the Pro-
fessors so described have other duties, usually in the service of the
Federal Government.]

GENERAL STATEMENT

The School of the Political Sciences offers work covering the last two years of an undergraduate course. In quantity and quality, the work is the equivalent of that required for the junior and senior years of a standard college of liberal arts.

In preparing the course of study, special attention has been given to the requirements of those who are preparing for public service including the Foreign Service of the United States, for those wishing to enter the field of Foreign Trade, and for those intending to pursue the study of law. The school also offers general cultural courses for those majoring in Political Science, International Law, and Foreign Trade.

The lectures in this school will be given mainly before eight-fifty in the morning, or after four-forty-five in the afternoon, thus rendering them available for those employed during the day.

LOCATION

The work of administration and instruction in the School of the Political Sciences is carried on at the Downtown Center, F Street, between Nineteenth and Twentieth Streets, Northwest.

The lecture halls of the School are within four blocks of the principal buildings of seven of the ten Departments of the Federal Government (State, War, Navy, Treasury, Interior, Commerce, and Labor) ; and also, four blocks or less from the White House, Interstate Commerce Commission, Federal Trade Commission, Civil Service Commission, National Academy of Science, Corcoran Art Gallery, Red Cross, Daughters of the American Revolution, Pan-American Union, and City Auditorium.

WASHINGTON AS AN EDUCATIONAL CENTER

The educational resources of Washington are almost limitless. There are fifty embassies and legations of foreign governments. The Library of Congress has over 3,600,000 volumes, 1,015,000 maps, 1,025,000 pieces of music, 465,000 photographs, prints, and engravings. The Public Library has 320,000 volumes, 800 magazines on file, and 60,000 mounted pictures. The Bureau of Stand-

ards has a scientific staff of 550 specialists. Work done in the Bureau is accepted by the best of universities. Among other facilities for research work in Washington are: The Smithsonian Institution, the New National Museum, the Pan-American Union, the United States Public Health Service, the Bureau of Education, the Department of Labor, the Woman's Bureau, the Children's Bureau, the Bureau of American Ethnology, the National Zoological Park, the Bureau of Scientific Literature, the Corcoran Gallery of Art, the Corcoran School of Art, the National Gallery of Art, the Freer Gallery of Art, the Carnegie Institution, the offices of fifty-four national patriotic and welfare organizations, the offices of forty-three religious bodies, the offices of twenty-nine scientific societies and headquarters of twelve reform associations. The free resources afforded by Washington for research work could not be provided by hundreds of millions of dollars in endowments.

UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES

The University has a general library of about 30,000 volumes. In addition to this there are department libraries in connection with the schools. In some of these there are exceptional opportunities for students as they have constant access to the standard works on the various subjects, and in some courses, a very unusual collection.

THE AMERICAN UNIVERSITY SCHOOLS

The College of Liberal Arts of The American University is located on the Campus, Massachusetts and Nebraska Avenues, Northwest. Four years' college course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Arts is offered. Fireproof Women's Residence for two hundred students.

The Campus of about ninety acres on which are situated the main buildings of the College of Liberal Arts extends along the highest ridge in the District of Columbia in the northwest section, overlooking the City of Washington.

The Graduate School of The American University offers work leading to the advanced degrees of Master of Arts, Master of

Political Science, Doctor of Civil Law, and Doctor of Philosophy. The School controls all graduate work of the University, and recommends the graduate degrees.

Catalogs of these schools will be furnished upon request.

DIVISIONS OF THE SCHOLASTIC YEAR

The scholastic year is divided into two semesters of seventeen weeks each.

SCHOOL OF THE POLITICAL SCIENCES REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION

Applicants for admission to the School of the Political Sciences must present at the time of registration, or before, an official transcript giving evidence of acceptable grade for two years of work, amounting to at least sixty semester hours, in a college, or professional or scientific school, of approved standing. They must present also a statement of honorable dismissal from the institution at which they were last in attendance. Candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Commerce must present credits for one year college work in English, in Economics, in a modern language, and either in some natural science or in psychology.

Students graduating from high schools who desire to enter the School of the Political Sciences will find it advantageous to complete the two years' admission requirements in the College of Liberal Arts of The American University.

REQUIREMENTS FOR GRADUATION

The degree of Bachelor of Political Science or of Bachelor of Science in Commerce will be conferred according to the following provisions:

1. The candidate must complete enough work in the School of the Political Sciences to make a total credit (including the credit presented for admission) of 120 semester hours.
2. An average of C in all work taken in the School of the Political Sciences is required for graduation. In determining grade points each hour of A counts three; each hour of B, two; and each hour of C, one. No grade points are given for work of grade D. An average of one is required.
3. The candidate must pursue studies in residence in the School of the Political Sciences of The American University amounting to at least thirty semester hours credit.
4. The degree will be conferred only upon the recommendation of the faculty.

GRADES AND POINTS

In addition to earning 60 semester, or quantity, credits, for graduation, each student must earn also 60 points, or quality credits. To earn these points, a student must average C for all courses taken.

Grades in courses are given and recorded as follows: A, excellent; B, good; C, fair; D, poor; F, failure; I, incomplete; X, condition. The mark I is given only when some portion of the student's work is unfinished. The mark may be removed and credit secured upon the completion of the work of the course so marked. The mark X may be removed and credit received by any means determined by the instructor in the course. A removed X usually becomes a D. Only one examination may be taken to remove an X, and this examination may not be taken until three weeks after the end of the semester in which the X was received.

FEEES

A matriculation fee of five dollars is payable upon admission to the University.

The tuition fee is one hundred dollars a semester, payable in advance.

A Library fee of one dollar and a half is charged for each semester.

All students receiving a degree from The American University will pay at least one full year tuition.

Students registered for less than full number of courses will pay in proportion.

Tuition fees are not returnable except in case of sickness or causes entirely beyond the control of the student. No portion of the returnable fee shall be returned for voluntary withdrawal after thirty days from date of registration of the student. In no case will more than one-half of the fees be refunded.

A diploma fee of ten dollars is payable before graduation.

SCHOLARSHIPS

By authority of The American University, the Faculty is given permission to grant five scholarships to students recommended by

the representatives of five foreign governments. These scholarships are for the amount of the tuition fee.

THE GRADUATE SCHOOL

Qualified students are admitted to the Graduate School after receiving the degree of bachelor of arts or its equivalent from a college or scientific school of approved standing. On admission to the University, the student is required to present a complete transcript of undergraduate work, and of any graduate courses for which advanced standing is desired. Admission to the Graduate School does not imply that the student is accepted as a candidate for an advanced degree. This is determined by the Graduate Board on the recommendation of the dean and the professor in charge of the major subject.

THE M.A. AND M.P.S. DEGREES

The degree of Master of Arts and the degree of Master of Political Science are conferred after at least one year of residence in the Graduate School, resulting in academic credits of at least twenty-four semester hours, twelve of which will ordinarily be in one department of study, with at least one course numbered in the six hundred group of that department. The other twelve may be in one or in two departments and may be from courses numbered in the five hundred or six hundred group.

In connection with the work done in the major department, the student is expected to write a thesis on a topic approved by the instructor in charge of the major subject and by the Graduate Board when passing upon admission to candidacy. Four printed or typewritten copies of the thesis must be filed with the Dean not later than the first Monday in April.

THE Ph.D. DEGREE

The degree of Doctor of Philosophy may be conferred on a candidate who has completed not less than three full years of resident graduate study or the equivalent, resulting in academic credits of seventy-two semester hours. Of these the last year or

two previous years must be spent in residence at The American University. Study for a specified time and satisfactory standing in particular courses alone will not be regarded as sufficient ground for conferring the degree. The preliminary evidence of capacity for research or for scholarship required on admission to candidacy must be supported by the work done in the University and especially by the character of the thesis to which reference is made in a later paragraph. Not less than one-half nor more than three-fourths of the time of the candidate for the doctor's degree should ordinarily be devoted to his major department of study. With the consent of the instructor in charge of the major subject, however, certain courses may be included in closely related fields. The selection of minor subjects must be approved by the instructor in charge of the major subjects and by the Graduate Board.

Candidates for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy will be required to show such proficiency in at least two modern languages, one of which must ordinarily be German or French.

The candidate for the doctor's degree is required, as a part of the work in his major subject, to write a thesis, which must give evidence of original investigation and should constitute a contribution to the knowledge of the subject treated. Four copies of the thesis in prescribed form must be furnished not later than April first of the year in which the examination is to be held.

THE DOCTOR OF CIVIL LAW DEGREE

Students possessing all the requirements for admission to candidacy for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, and who in addition hold the degree of LL.B. or J.D. from an accredited law school, may be admitted, by special vote of the faculty, to candidacy for the degree of Doctor of Civil Law. The work required from candidates for this degree will be at least equal, both in quantity and quality, to that required from candidates for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. Candidates for the degree of Doctor of Civil Law will be required to possess a reading knowledge of such modern languages as may be necessary in their major field.

COURSES OF STUDY

[In this list are included both the courses offered in the School of the Political Sciences, and also the courses in International Law, International Relations, History, Constitutional Law and Government, Economics, and Foreign Trade, offered in the Graduate School.]

Courses numbered below 500 are open only to undergraduate students.

Courses numbered above 500 and below 600 are open both to juniors and seniors in the School of the Political Sciences and in the College of Liberal Arts under the regulations of their respective faculties, and to graduate students.

Those numbered above 600 are open only to graduate students.

By special permission auditors may be admitted to courses numbered below 600.

Courses not given in the academic year 1928-29 are enclosed in brackets. They are listed here with an indication as to when they are to be given for the guidance of students in planning their general program.

Odd numbered courses are given in the first semester and even numbered courses in the second.

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW AND GOVERNMENT

Professor Putney, Dr. Needham, Dr. Nations, Dr. Moore,
Mr. Puller, Mr. Trammell, Col. Rigby,
Mr. Telford, Mr. Wells

401. AMERICAN GOVERNMENT

This course is designed as an introduction to the study of American political institutions. As a background a brief review of colonial organization is given, followed by a discussion of the political features and significance of the Constitution. The organization, powers, and duties of the executive branch of the national government are then considered, followed by a similar examination of Congress and an outline of the federal judiciary. The means whereby democracy attempts to express itself politically in an organized manner through political parties and other methods are given consideration. State and municipal governments are discussed in so far as time may permit. A serious attempt is made to consider all questions from the standpoint of actual existing conditions.

First Semester. Dr. Moore. Tues. and Thurs. 6:00-7:15 P. M.

403-404. CIVIL AND POLITICAL RIGHTS OF CITIZENS

Civil Rights, privileges, and immunities under the Constitution; freedom of speech, press, and religion; trial by jury; etc.

Political Rights, methods of acquisition and exercise; registration; domicile; direct primaries; conventions; elections; representative government; initiative, referendum, and recall; loss of political rights.

First and Second Semesters. Mr. Puller. Tues. and Fri. 4:45-6:00 P. M.

405-406. COMMERCIAL AND ADMIRALTY LAW

(a) The essentials of the law of business, including contracts, negotiable instruments, agency, partnership, corporations, sales, mortgages of chattels and realty, bailments, public utilities, suretyship, insurance, realty, landlord and tenant, and wills and adminis-

tration. The purpose is to familiarize the student with the fundamentals of commercial law as developed by statute and administered in the courts of the United States.

(b) The historical background embodied in the medieval classics and the work of the English High Court of Admiralty will be followed by a study of the chief statutes and leading adjudications in our country and abroad which fix the admiralty law as now administered. Attention will be directed to the relation of admiralty to common law and to equity in the judicial system of England and America.

First and Second Semesters. Dr. Nations. Mon. and Wed. 6:00-7:15 P. M.

408. THE LAW OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

This course will give consideration to the bases of the duties of public service; what service must be rendered, and to whom; the right to make rules for the service; the power of the State to fix rates and the extent of that power; the basis of the rate; what rate of return should be allowed; discrimination; adequate facilities; the right to withdraw from public service. It will also touch upon the law peculiar to common carriers and innkeepers, taking up the insurance liability and its exceptions; the liability to passengers and guests; the commencement of the undertaking, and its termination; etc.

Second Semester. Mr. Wells. Wed. and Sat. 7:35-8:50 A. M.

501. UNITED STATES CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY

This course will be primarily one in constitutional history. Among the topics to be studied will be foreign influences in the creation of the United States Constitution, the Colonial Charters and early State Constitutions, the Articles of Confederation, Debates in the Federal Constitutional Convention, the conflicting views in that convention, the ratification of the Constitution, and the Amendments to the Constitution.

First Semester. Professor Putney. Wed. and Sat. 7:35-8:50 A. M.

502. UNITED STATES CONSTITUTIONAL LAW—PRINCIPLES OF
UNITED STATES CONSTITUTIONAL LAW

Origin of the Constitution. The Federal Constitutional Convention. Ratification of the Constitution. Division of power between the National and the State Governments. Division of power between the different departments of the National Government. The express and implied powers of Congress. Election and powers of the President. The Federal Courts and their power to declare acts of Congress unconstitutional. Government of the territories, colonies, and the District of Columbia. The Bill of Rights. Impairment of the obligation of contracts. Privileges and immunities of citizens. Due process of law. Equal protection of the laws. Recent Amendments to the Constitution.

Second Semester. Professor Putney. Wed. and Sat. 7:35-8:50 A. M.

507-508. INTERSTATE COMMERCE LAW

This course covers a study of the powers of the Congress, under the Constitution of the United States, to regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the several States, showing, by a study of judicial decisions, the interpretation and extent of this power and its gradual expansion and application to meet new economic needs and conditions and providing means of protecting such commerce.

This course will also cover the relation and distinction between the Federal power and its exercise and the exercise of the power of the several States over intra-State commerce and the exercise of police power over interstate and foreign commerce.

The course in the second semester covers the powers of and practice before the Interstate Commerce Commission. The first topic considered is the delegation of powers by Congress to the Commission; following with a study of the Interstate Commerce Act, procedure by the Commission in the exercise of its power, and concluding with the extent of judicial review of orders by the Commission.

First and Second Semesters. Dr. Needham. Mon. and Thurs. 4:45-6:00 P. M.

509-510. COMPARATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL LAW

This subject is offered for students who desire to study the new constitutions of Europe and changes being made in the older constitutions. These show the modern trend of thought regarding the fundamental law in republican governments. The course covers three or four constitutions in each semester. For comparative study each constitution is divided into four sections: (1) Organization of the State, (2) Organization of the Government, (3) Individual Rights and Immunities, (4) Welfare Clauses. This subdivision enables a fair comparison to be made regarding fundamental subjects which are properly included in a written constitution. Class discussions are held upon relevant matters and each student is required to submit at the conclusion of the study of each constitution a short paper, not exceeding 1,500 words, upon a topic of special interest in the constitution studied.

First and Second Semesters. Dr. Needham. Wed. and Sat. 4:45-6:00 P. M.

511-512. FEDERAL TAXATION

A study and analysis of the leading cases on the question of the Federal income and profits taxes; the Federal estate taxes; the rules of statutory construction relating to Federal taxation.

The decisions included relate principally to the construction of the principles of the present Revenue Act and prior Revenue Acts which have a bearing upon the construction of the present Revenue Act.

A brief study of the practice and procedure before the Board of Tax Appeals.

First and Second Semesters. Mr. Trammell. Thursday 7:35-8:50 A. M.

514. STATE GOVERNMENT

This course is a descriptive study of the political organization and functions of the States as operating organizations. The relation between the States and the National Government are considered. The origin and development of State constitutions and the overlapping of constitutional and statutory law are discussed. Organization and functions of the State legislatures, including

election and apportionment of members, legislative procedure and appraisal of the legislative output are given attention. The position and powers of the governor and the decentralized State administrative organization and efforts to reform the latter are included, as are also the organization of the State judicial systems and their efficiency. Special attention will be given to the machinery whereby democracy attempts to express itself, including such subjects as majority elections, proportional representation, initiative, referendum and recall. Other topics to be considered are State financing, the relation between the States and local subdivisions, and the increasing social activities of the State governments.

Second Semester. Dr. Moore. Tues. and Thurs. 6:00-7:15 P. M.

517-518. PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION IN THE PUBLIC SERVICE

This is a general course intended both for those wishing to obtain a general view of the problems encountered in public personnel administration and for those who have to deal with such problems in the course of their everyday work. Among the topics taken up are the magnitude of the public personnel problem; the constitution, organization, and staff of the central personnel agency; the development, adoption, and administration of classification and compensation plans; the development and use of tests to select qualified public employees; methods of dealing with service (efficiency) ratings, leaves of absence, lay-offs, and training courses; the various types of temporary and permanent separations; and a comparison of public and commercial employment methods and results.

First and Second Semesters. Mr. Telford. Wednesday 6:00-7:15 P. M.

519-520. INTELLIGENCE, APTITUDE, EDUCATIONAL, AND EMPLOYMENT TESTS

This is an intensive course in mental measurements intended for teachers, public and private employment managers, students and others interested in the various types of tests now in common use

for educational and employment purposes. The various types of tests used in measuring abstract, social, and mechanical intelligence, aptitudes, temperament, honesty, knowledge, and proficiency in various vocations, and other mental traits will be studied as to construction, use, and interpretation. For those students with the proper preparation the statistical analysis and interpretation of test results and the principles and technique of actual test construction will be emphasized.

First and Second Semesters. Mr. Telford. Wednesday 7:15-8:30 P. M.

521. PRINCIPLES OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

This course includes a discussion of some of the major problems in the theory and practice of government. It is assumed that the student has some familiarity with existing practices and theories and the course is not designed so much to develop a knowledge of these as it is to emphasize their relative merits. The various theories regarding the origin of the state are examined, and the question of sovereignty discussed in the light of the world's recent political developments. Theories underlying constitution making and the relative merits of rigid and flexible constitutions are considered. The strength and weaknesses of centralized federated and confederated states will be discussed. The problems involved in the selection of the chief executive are examined. The principles on which legislative representation is based and in general the various theories underlying the methods whereby democracy has expressed itself through representative government are discussed. The functions and duties of the state will be examined and the *laissez faire* idea contrasted with the socialistic theory.

First Semester. Dr. Moore. Tues. and Thurs. 7:15-8:30 P. M.

522. NATIONAL ADMINISTRATION

A study of the administrative organization of the National Government, opening with a short survey of the general principles underlying administration, followed by a somewhat detailed examination of each of the governmental departments with a view of determining their present functions. This is followed by pro-

posals regarding more systematic assignment of functions to the various departments.

Second Semester. Dr. Moore. Tues. and Thurs. 7:15-8:30 P. M.

523. JURISPRUDENCE

A study of the masterpieces of the leading writers on this subject.

First Semester. Dr. Nations. Tues. and Fri. 6:00-7:15 P. M.

524. CANON LAW

The class will trace the canon law from Bologna to the later universities and consider the work of canonists graduated from these institutions in shaping the legal, political, and diplomatic development of the medieval and modern centuries. The steps by which the canon law opened the way for reception of the civil law in Germany and its contribution to equity, admiralty, and even the common law in England and America will receive attention.

Second Semester. Dr. Nations. Tues. and Fri. 6:00-7:15 P. M.

525-526. ROMAN LAW

Outlines of the history and principles of the Roman Law. The Institutes of Justinian.

First and Second Semesters. Dr. Nations. Tues. and Fri. 7:35-8:50 A. M.

527-528. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW AND EXTRAORDINARY LEGAL REMEDIES

A consideration of the subject of judicial control over administrative action in the United States. Among the topics treated are the distinction between executive, judicial, and legislative functions; administrative discretion; conclusiveness of administrative determination; administrative and judicial proceedings for relief against actions of administrative officers.

First and Second Semester. Professor Putney. Monday. 6:00-7:15 P. M.

529-530. SPANISH CIVIL LAW

An Outline of the Civil Law as in effect in the former Spanish Colonies especially in Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippine Islands, and in the present Latin American countries; and of the Spanish Civil Code, Commercial Code, Mortgage Law, and other general laws in force in the Colonies in 1898, and as since modified in the American possessions.

First and Second Semesters. Col. Rigby. Wednesday 7:15-8:30 P. M.

[503. UNITED STATES CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY—HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT

Its position in the organization of the Federal Government. Early difficulties of the Court. The assertion of its right to declare acts of Congress and of the State legislatures unconstitutional. The importance and results of this power. Landmark cases in the field of Constitutional Law.]

First Semester. Professor Putney. Not given in 1928-29.

[505. PHILOSOPHY OF LAW

The subject is treated historically and comparatively that the class may become acquainted with the important legal theories. After a brief view of Babylonian, Egyptian, and Hindoo legal thought, the thinkers of Greece are studied and compared; their legal views considered and classified.

Reaction of Roman Law and the classic jurists to the later Greek philosophy which pervaded the empire is then brought out. Theories of the law during the patristic and scholastic medieval epochs are next examined.

The work culminates with the wealth of modern Continental, English, and American legal thought stimulated by the diversity of civil, economic, commercial, and diplomatic philosophy awakened in the last four centuries.]

First Semester. Dr. Nations. Given in alternate years. Not given in 1928-29.

[506. ANCIENT AND MEDIEVAL LEGAL HISTORY

Laws of Babylonia, Egypt, Phoenicia, Israel, India, Greece, and Rome. The Justinian Code. Civil and Canon Law. Early English Law.]

Second Semester. Dr. Nations. Given in alternate years. Not given in 1928-29.

[515-516. GOVERNMENT OF OUTLYING TERRITORY

Nature of territorial government by the United States. Constitutional power to acquire and hold territory. Distinction between territories and States. How far the Constitution "follows the Flag". Possessions: unorganized territories; organized territories.]

First and Second Semesters. Colonel Rigby. Not given in 1928-29.

INTERNATIONAL LAW

Professor Stowell, Professor Dennis, Mr. Magnusson, and
Special Lecturers

501-502. THE PRINCIPLES OF INTERNATIONAL LAW

This course is designed to give an understanding of the fundamental principles of International Law and to develop the application of these principles in reasonable detail as respects the leading topics of the law. A standard textbook will be used as the basis of instruction, but will be supplemented by the study of leading cases involving questions of International Law decided by both municipal and international tribunals. These cases will be used not merely by way of illustrating the principles laid down in the writers of authority, but for the study of the development of principles according to the case method of instruction. The course is recommended for students preparing to enter the Foreign Service of the United States.

First and Second Semesters. Professor Dennis. Tues. and Fri. 4:45-6:00 P. M.

505-506. INTERNATIONAL LAW PROCEDURE

International Law as applied by courts and administrative officials. This course is given by lecturers who have had actual practical experience.

First Semester. Monday 8:30-9:45 P. M. The Negotiation and Interpretation of Treaties, under the direction of Mr. William R. Vallance, Assistant to the Solicitor, Department of State. Dr. Charles Pergler, former Czechoslovak Minister to Japan, will give two lectures on Treaties as applied by the Courts.

Second Semester. Monday 8:30-9:45 P. M. The Law of International Arbitration and International Claims.

The Law of Nationality (6 lectures), Dr. Henry B. Hazard, Chief Naturalization Examiner, Bureau of Naturalization, Department of Labor; The Law of International Claims, Rules and Practice of the Department of State Governing the Presentation of Claims (5 lectures), Mr. Green H. Hackworth, Solicitor of the Department of State; The Law of Arbitral Procedure, including

the rules of Evidence before Arbitral Tribunals (5 lectures), Prof. William C. Dennis, Agent of the United States before The Hague Court, Venezuela Arbitration 1910, Norwegian Arbitration 1922.

507-508. THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS AND WORLD ORGANIZATION

Projects and efforts toward international organization—Holy Alliance, Concert of Europe, Pan-American Union, World War and League to Enforce Peace; the international nexus of organizations at Geneva; the Secretariat and International Labor Office; the World Court at The Hague; structure of the League of Nations and the Labor Organization; political and socio-economic functioning; character of League activities: *legislative, executive, judicial*; functional penetration into activities other than governmental; comparison with recognized national administrative machinery and activities.

A lecture and research course: Assignment of special reports. Organization of Moot Assemblies; international conferences on labor and other subjects.

First and Second Semesters. Mr. Magnusson. Thursday 4:45-6:00 P. M.

[503-504. THE LAW OF INTERVENTION

A study of the international law rights enforced through intervention and of the regulations governing recourse to remedial force. The restrictions and limitations recognized by the law of war in order to prevent, in so far as possible, an abusive use of force.]

First and Second Semesters. Professor Stowell. Not given in 1928-29.

For courses in Diplomatic History and in International Relations, see descriptions under those headings.

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Professor Putney, Professor Tansill

501. HISTORY OF EUROPEAN DIPLOMACY

This course covers the Medieval period in European History, extending from the final separation of the Eastern and Western portions of the Roman Empire to the invasion of Italy by Charles VIII of France in 1494, the period within which were the real beginnings of diplomatic relations and of international law. Among the more important special topics covered will be the creation of the modern European States, the origin and rise of the Roman Catholic Church, the Feudal System, the conflict between the Emperors and the Popes, and the conflict between the Christian and Moslem States.

First Semester. Professor Putney. Saturday 9:00-10:15 A. M. Given in 1928-29 and alternate years.

502. HISTORY OF EUROPEAN DIPLOMACY

The history of the Diplomacy of Europe during the early modern period centers around the idea of the "balance of power," which spread from Italy throughout Europe and the creation of permanent diplomatic legations by most of the principal European countries. The great European Congresses beginning with that at Westphalia which ended in 1648. Among other important topics to be considered are the influences of the Protestant Reformation, the great dynastic wars, the primacy of France under Louis XIV, the rise of Russia, and the partition of Poland.

Second Semester. Professor Putney. Saturday 9:00-10:15 A. M. Given 1928-29 and alternate years.

505-506. INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS AND WORLD POLITICS
FROM 1815 TO 1928

The fundamental factors controlling international relations such as nationalism, imperialism, and militarism, are carefully studied,

and the movement toward international arbitration will receive special emphasis.

First and Second Semesters. Professor Tansill. Wednesday 4:45-6:00 P. M.

AMERICAN DIPLOMACY, 1776 TO 1928

The purpose of the courses given in American Diplomacy is to acquaint students with the outlines of American foreign policy from the period of the American Revolution to date. The expansion of Europe beginning in the middle of the Fifteenth Century led to an international race for empire with the American Continent as a much coveted prize. This European background of America's Diplomacy is indicated in the first of three courses on American foreign relations. A course on American Diplomacy in the Orient will treat of relations with the Far East, while the courses on American Diplomacy in the Near East and on Diplomatic Relations with Latin America will afford unusual opportunities for special research in these restricted fields.

509. AMERICAN DIPLOMACY, 1860-1928

First Semester. Professor Tansill. Tues. and Thurs. 6:00-7:15 P. M.

510. AMERICAN DIPLOMACY IN THE ORIENT

Second Semester. Professor Tansill. Tues. and Thurs. 6:00-7:15 P. M.

511-512. NEAR EASTERN DIPLOMACY SINCE 1815

In this course the events in the Near East are studied which brought about the great European wars in 1856, 1877, and 1914; the internal racial problems of the Russian, Turkish, and Austro-Hungarian Empires; the influences affecting the attitude of the different Great Powers of Europe towards the Near Eastern question; and the struggle of the various Balkan races for independence will be considered. A study will also be made of the problems of the Moslem world, including the question of the Caliphate, and the results of the English misconception of the character of this office;

the Turkish Constitution of 1908, the fall of the Turkish Empire, and the new Turkish Republic; the British and Russian spheres of influence in Persia, the Persian Constitution, and the new dynasty; the independence of Egypt, the controversy between Egypt and Great Britain over the Sudan, and the problem of the balance of power between the independent Arabian states.

First and Second Semesters. Professor Putney. Monday 4:45-6:00 P. M.

[503-504. HISTORY OF EUROPEAN DIPLOMACY

This course begins with the French Revolution and extends through the nineteenth century. It includes a study of the diplomacy of Napoleon, the Congresses of Paris and Vienna, the Holy Alliance, the revolutionary year of 1848, the unification of Italy and Germany, the Near East problems, and the creation of the Triple Alliance.

In the second half of this course the thirty years since 1897 will be covered. Among the important topics which will be taken up are: The formation of the Triple Entente. The Morocco Crisis. The Turkish Revolution and Constitution of 1908. The annexation of Bosnia-Herzegovina. The two Balkan Wars.

The Causes Leading up to the World War. Diplomacy of the World War. The Peace Treaties. The League of Nations. Historical antecedents of the nine new or restored countries of Europe. The "Red" and "White" Dictatorships in Europe. The Little Entente. Existing European diplomatic problems. Diplomatic relations between European countries and those in other continents.]

First and Second Semesters. Professor Putney. Given in alternate years. Not given in 1928-29.

[507. AMERICAN DIPLOMACY, 1776-1823]

First Semester. Professor Tansill. Not given in 1928-29.

[508. AMERICAN DIPLOMACY, 1823-1860]

Second Semester. Professor Tansill. Not given in 1928-29.

[513-514. DIPLOMATIC HISTORY OF LATIN AMERICA

The history of the diplomatic relations of the various Latin-American countries during the nineteenth century. Particular attention will be given the Revolutionary period, the formation of the new countries, and the Monroe Doctrine, including its reception by the different Latin-American countries. A study will be made of the diplomatic relations of the Latin-American countries both with one another and with the United States and European countries.

During the second semester the study of the diplomatic history of Latin America during the opening years of the twentieth century will be taken up. Among the topics to be especially studied are the growing international importance of Argentina, Chile, and Brazil; the various boundary disputes in South America; the changing views as to the Monroe Doctrine; the

Drago Doctrine; the growing influence of the United States in the Caribbean region, especially in Panama, Cuba, Haiti, the Dominican Republic, and Nicaragua. The course will close with the consideration of the end of the Diaz régime in Mexico, the Mexican Revolution, and the Constitution of 1917.]

First and Second Semesters. Not given in 1928-29.

HISTORY

Professor Tansill, Professor Duncan, Dr. Manning

AMERICAN HISTORY, 1776-1860. In the following courses in American history special attention is devoted to the economic, social, and political aspects of American development.

501. AMERICAN HISTORY, 1776-1829. In this course the basic factors of American development are emphasized; nascent nationalism; political principles and growth of parties; economic origins of Jeffersonian democracy; problems of fiscal administration; rise of sectionalism; American culture.

First Semester. Professor Tansill. Tues. and Thurs. 4:45-6:00 P. M.

502. AMERICAN HISTORY, 1829-1860. The inauguration of President Jackson marked a new era in American history. Special attention is directed to the implications of Jacksonian democracy; the influence of the frontier; the unrestricted suffrage franchise; the abolition of property qualifications for public office; the humanitarian aspects of the new social philosophy. The growth of sectionalism is given careful consideration, and the economic bases of Southern secession are studied. The educational development during the middle period deserves extended notice, especially the significant progress of the lower South.

Second Semester. Professor Tansill. Tues. and Thurs. 4:45-6:00 P. M.

505-506. ORIENTAL HISTORY AND ARCHAEOLOGY

Prehistoric Man 500,000 B. C. to 5000 B. C. The course will cover the origin and development of man, his earliest homes and migrations, the beginnings and growth of language, religion, morals, civil and political institutions, and industries. The lectures will be illustrated by photographs and stereopticon views and by visits to museums. The course is meant to give the prehistoric background for the history of Egypt, Babylonia, Assyria, and Israel. Topics for research will be given and reference readings in the more important works will be assigned.

Books recommended: H. F. Osborn, "Men of the Old Stone Age", 1915; J. M. Tyler, "New Stone Age in Northern Europe", 1921; G. G. MacCurdy, "Human Origins", 2 volumes, 1924; A. Keith, "Concerning Man's Origin", 1927.

First and Second Semesters. Professor Duncan. Monday 1:15-3:45 P. M.

507-508. GENERAL HISTORY OF SOUTH AMERICA

A brief review of political, cultural, and economic conditions in Spain and Portugal which motivated their colonial expansion opens the course. A study of the discovery and conquest of their American dominions is accompanied by an examination of the antecedent civilizations of the various subjugated indigenous peoples. Then follows a rapid survey of the three centuries of paternalistic colonial control which preserved but exploited and oppressed the natives and, together with the decadence of the mother countries and the European international conflicts in which they were involved, prepared the way for the emancipation struggle whose triumph resulted in the birth of the many nations collectively known as Latin America. A comprehensive exposition of the governmental, economic, and cultural development of each of the countries during the century of their independent existence, and of their more important international relations, concludes the year's work.

First and Second Semesters. Dr. Manning. Monday 7:15-8:30 P. M.

509-510. THE HISTORY OF THE HEBREWS.

This course will consider the physical nature of Palestine, the influence of geographic environment, the origin of the Hebrews, their religion and literature, their relation to surrounding nations and to the New Testament, the causes of the decline and fall, and the history of excavations in Palestine.

Books recommended: The Bible, Revised Version; J. H. Breasted, "Ancient Times"; F. K. Sanders, "History of the Hebrews"; H. P. Smith, "Old Testament History"; S. R. Driver,

"Literature of the Old Testament"; W. R. Smith, "Religion of Semites"; H. P. Smith, "Religion of Israel"; P. S. P. Handcock, "Archaeology of the Holy Land"; I. M. Price, "The Bible and Monuments".

First and Second Semesters. Professor Duncan. Thursday 4:45-7:15 P. M.

[503. AMERICAN HISTORY, 1860-1877

The period of the Civil War will be studied with special reference to its economic, social, and political aspects. Economic and political readjustment will be developed at length, and the effects of Northern policies will be indicated.]

First Semester. Professor Tansill. Not given in 1928-29.

[504. AMERICAN HISTORY, 1877-1928

In this concluding course in American political history the industrial evolution in the United States will be treated in detail. The rise of big business and its effect upon economic and political theory will receive due emphasis; the growth of foreign investments; the race for colonial empire and control of backward countries; American imperialism. Political expressions of agrarian unrest will be studied—the Granger movement; the Greenback Party; the Populist Party; and the Farmer-Labor Party. Constitutional problems resulting from the increase in Federal powers will be given adequate consideration.]

First and Second Semesters. Professor Duncan. Not given in 1928-29.

[511-512. THE HISTORY OF EGYPT, BABYLONIA, AND ASSYRIA

This course will consider the physical nature of these lands, the influence of geographic environment, the origin of these peoples, their history, religion, literature, and culture, their relation to Israel, their influence upon civilization, the causes of decline and fall, and the history of excavations.]

First and Second Semesters. Professor Duncan. Not given in 1928-29.

ECONOMICS, BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION, AND
FOREIGN TRADE

Professor Gray, Dr. Drury, Dr. Carlson, Dr. Stevens,
Dr. Morgan, Mr. Tryon

401-402. PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS

This course consists of a critical study of such fundamentals as price, interest, rent, wages, and profits. The processes of consumption and production are analyzed.

First and Second Semesters. Dr. Drury. Mon. and Wed.
6:00-7:15 P. M.

403-404. CONSTRUCTIVE ACCOUNTING

The fundamental principles of accountancy, as applied to the various types of business organizations. The Walton system of accounting practice is used as a basis of the prescribed work throughout the course.

First and Second Semesters. (Instructor to be announced.)
Mon. and Wed. 7:15-8:30 P. M.

405-406. ADVANCED ACCOUNTING

This course includes advanced accounting, theory, and auditing, together with practical accounting problems. It is sufficiently broad in scope and character to prepare for the C. P. A. examination of the several states.

First and Second Semesters. (Instructor to be announced.)
Mon. and Wed. 6:00-7:15 P. M.

407. BUSINESS ORGANIZATION

This course will comprehend a survey of the various forms of organizations for the conduct of a business enterprise,—individual, partnership, trust, joint stock company and corporation; boards of directors, standing committees, officers and their functions; general principles of organization,—line and functional; departmental organizations and functions,—purchasing, stores, sales, advertising, credits, collections, personnel, production, traffic, etc.

First Semester. Dr. Stevens. Mon. and Wed. 4:45-6:00 P. M.

408. BANKING

A course dealing with the functions, organization, and operation of practical banking. The course will cover, among other subjects: Functions and purposes of banking and credit; kinds of banks and functions; loans, discounts, deposits, reserves and note issues; foreign and domestic exchange; relations with various types of depositors, their credit needs and worth; the Federal Reserve system; effects of the Reserve system on bank policy, etc.

Second Semester. Dr. Stevens. Mon. and Wed. 4:45-6:00 P. M.

501. PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATIONS

The railroad as a corporation. Historical development of railroads. Competition of different carriers on the same road; competing roads; competition by rate cutting; economic causes of the failure of all forms of competition; joint costs; diminishing costs; immobility of capital and of labor; attempts from 1830 to 1920 to compel competition and prevent consolidations and rate cutting. State regulation from 1830 to 1887. The Interstate Commerce Act of 1887. The courts and regulation. Unified public operation, January, 1918, to March, 1920. The Transportation Act of 1920 to restore railroad credit and provide a nationally adequate service. Federal regulation of building and of abandonment of lines. The group system of rates and recapture of excess earnings; regulation of capitalization and of service. Valuation since 1898. Various theories of valuation, consolidations.

First Semester. Professor Gray. Tues. and Fri. 4:45-6:00 P. M.

502. INDUSTRIAL CORPORATIONS

The classification of industries legal and not economic. Ricardian competition not controlling in an age of massed fixed capital, mass production, world markets, and world division of labor. The common law and monopolies and public service industries. Competition not the life of trade, but the destroyer of profit. Essence of monopoly the control of the market. Early attempts. Agreements not to compete; price agreements; dividing the field; pooling the returns. Statutory attempts to compel, maintain, and con-

trol competition. Can there be unfair competition in the Ricardian sense of competition?

The Sherman Anti-Trust Act. Early strict interpretation inconsistent with capitalism. The rule or reason. Anti-trust acts and the courts. Relation to organized labor. Federal Trade Commission Act and Clayton Act; trade associations and anti-trust legislation. If regulation of trusts is necessary, is price regulation, regulation of profits, control of accounts with excess monopoly, or profits taxation preferable; or must we have a profound change in our conception of property rights as applied to corporations with large masses of capital under one control?

Second Semester. Profesor Gray. Tues. and Fri. 4:45-6:00 P. M.

503. BUSINESS FINANCE

A course concerned with the current financing of business enterprises, with particular emphasis on the financial problems of the smaller business organization. This course will include such topics as: The sources and methods of raising capital; the analysis of financial statements; financial and operating ratios; bank versus commercial paper loans; bank and trade acceptances; commodity loans; financial aspects of producing, purchasing, and selling goods.

First Semester. Dr. Stevens. Mon. and Wed. 6:00-7-15 P. M.

504. INVESTMENTS

A course designed to familiarize the student with the general principles underlying personal investments. Specific topics which will be considered include: The meaning of investment; the adaptation of investments to the requirements of the particular individual; relation of insurance policies to investments; bonds versus stocks as investments; corporation bonds—railroad, utility, industrial, etc.; government bonds—Federal, State, municipal, county, and tax district; real estate mortgages and bonds; preferred and common stocks.

The work of the course will require the preparation of reports by students on various corporation and other securities.

As a prerequisite to this course the student must have taken, or be taking, corporation finance, business finance, or accounting.

Second Semester. Dr. Stevens. Mon. and Wed. 6:00-7:15 P. M.

511. PORTS AND TERMINAL FACILITIES

A concrete analysis of the part played by ports and terminal facilities in overseas shipping and trade. The facilities and services of leading American and foreign ports are examined and problems of port administration and port development considered. Attention is given to the better co-ordination of rail and port facilities and to the effects of inland transportation charges on the drawing power of ports in their competition with one another.

First Semester. Dr. Morgan. Wed. and Fri. 7:15-8:30 P. M.

512. OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

A survey of the transportation problems involved in overseas movements of freight traffic. The requirements of various kinds of traffic are analyzed and the types of ship and shipping service are related thereto. The operating organization and practices of shipping concerns are examined and particular attention is given to the basis and method of rate making.

Second Semester. Dr. Morgan. Wed. and Fri. 7:15-8:30 P. M.

513-514. ECONOMIC PROBLEMS

This course affords an opportunity for men and women in government employment or professional practice to better their understanding of the problems with which they deal or are interested through personal research. Each student taking the course chooses his special subject or subjects for inquiry and from time to time presents class reports. These are criticized in general discussion. An effort is made to confine investigations to problems of current importance.

First and Second Semesters. Dr. Drury. Mon. and Wed. 4:45-6:00 P. M.

[501-502. ECONOMIC THEORY

This course will consist of a critical examination of certain of the more important systems of economic theory. In each case special attention will be devoted to a study of the economic conditions and general thought of the period in which the theory was developed, and inquiry will be made as to how far the conclusions fit modern conditions.]

First and Second Semesters. Dr. Drury. Not given in 1928-29.

[505-506. MARKETING

A study is made of the functions of marketing, selling, buying, co-operative marketing, storage and refrigeration, standardization and grading, market news service, the financing of marketing, and the relation of transportation to marketing. The organization of markets, the functions of the wholesaler, broker, jobber, and retailer, and the means of developing markets for goods are considered. The cost of marketing and the distribution of costs among the various agencies in marketing, sales management, advertising and price policies, the use of chain stores, mail-order houses, and co-operative stores in marketing. During the latter part of the second semester special marketing problems are studied.]

First and Second Semesters. Not given in 1928-29.

[508. ECONOMICS OF MINERALS AND POWER

There are problems peculiar to the mineral industries which differentiate them from agriculture, manufacturing, and trade. The element of discovery introduces a peculiar degree of risk and of speculative gain. The fact of the wasting asset raises a whole series of problems that cut across accounting, taxation, tariffs, export policies, labor relations, monopoly, competition, and conservation. The economics of production, marketing, and use of the minerals are explored in this course.

Special emphasis will be laid upon the mineral fuels and power. Among the topics to be considered are: Power as a factor of production; an index number of power; the sources and the demand for power—necessity of co-ordination; bituminous coal, the principal source of power; causes of instability in the supply of bituminous coal; anthracite—an example of concentrated control; economic problems of the oil and gas industry; water power and fuel power—the need of co-ordinated development; combination and integration in the power supply; the coming of super-power; State versus Federal control; power resources of the public domain—the water power and mineral leasing acts; waste, exhaustion, and conservation; power and world power—international problems.]

Second Semester. Mr. Tryon. Not given in 1928-29.

[509-510. RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

This course is intended to afford a comprehensive understanding of contemporary transportation problems. The first semester is devoted in part to furnishing a necessary background of facts as to the development of transportation and transportation legislation in the United States. Attention is then centered on persistent or new problems, including the principles of rate making, the service, efficiency, and management of our railroads, consolidation, the terminal problem, valuation, and the co-ordination of rail with inland water and motor transportation. The second semester is devoted more

largely to rate and traffic problems, including a survey of existing rate structures and of tendencies in the Interstate Commerce Commission's rate-making practices. Some attention is given to railway accounting and statistics.]

First and Second Semesters. Dr. Morgan. Not given in 1928-29.

[515. CORPORATION FINANCE

This course deals with: The promotion and organization of corporations; the issue, underwriting, and sale of securities; the management of capital assets and liabilities; expansion policies and the financing of expansions; the management of income and surplus; the distribution of surplus; dividend policies; recapitalization and readjustments; receiverships and reorganizations.]

First Semester. Dr. Stevens. Not given in 1928-29.

[516. COMBINATIONS, TRUSTS, AND MONOPOLIES

A course surveying the combination movement in the United States and its regulation. Topics considered are: Underlying causes and motives for combination; types of voluntary agreements—apportionment of territory or business, restriction of output, price fixation, etc.; trusts; holding corporations; mergers and consolidations; open price associations; patent and other monopolies; methods of competition; dissolution of combinations and monopolies; efficacy of dissolution; state legislation; the Sherman and Clayton Anti-trust Acts; organization and work of the Federal Trade Commission.]

Second Semester. Dr. Stevens. Not given in 1928-29.

FOREIGN TRADE

Professor Carlson, Dr. Manning, Mr. Reid

501-502. PRINCIPLES OF INTERNATIONAL COMMERCE

The purpose of this course is to acquaint the student with theoretical and practical facts that underlie the exchange of commodities of commerce among the nations. It aims to develop an international point of view. Stress is laid upon America's trade and the methods by which corporations are further expanding this enormous business. Articles of domestic and of foreign manufacture are examined, discussed, and deductions drawn.

Consideration is given to American banks, capital, stores, and other interests operating over the seas. International salesmanship, competition, advertising, credits and collections, current laws and problems, are among the subjects of the course.

This course is based largely on official field investigations in forty different nations.

First and Second Semesters. Mr. Reid. Monday 4:45-6:00 P. M.

503. TRADE WITH EUROPE

The problems which the American exporter to Europe will meet as well as the trade conditions and trade practices are considered. The competition of European countries with the exports from the United States is studied. As the commercial recovery of the rest of the world is vitally related to the economic prosperity of Europe, careful attention is given to the current economic, financial, and monetary conditions affecting the trade. Among the special problems considered mention may be made of credit factors, imperial preferences, cartels, and tariff regulations. Lectures and reports.

First Semester. Dr. Carlson. Tues. 7:15-8:30 P. M., and Thurs. 4:45-6:00 P. M.

504. DOCUMENTS USED IN FOREIGN TRADE

This course is designed to give the student an understanding of the organization and activities of export merchants, export commission houses, manufacturer's export department, export agents, co-operative exporting, traveling salesmen and the estab-

lishment abroad of local sales agents, distributors, and branches of the exporter. The various types of correspondence used in foreign trade and advertising in foreign countries will be considered. Export orders, quotations of prices and the terms under which a shipment is made as well as the settlement of financial terms are studied. The requirement for packing different kinds of commodities for shipment to foreign countries is considered. Various documents are examined such as marine insurance policies and other documents carried by vessels engaged in export trade, bills of lading, invoices, certificates of origin, and other matters relating to export methods and markets. Lectures, readings, and reports.

Second Semester. Dr. Carlson. Tues. 7:15-8:30 P. M., and Thurs. 4:45-6:00 P. M.

507. CONSERVATION

Consideration is given to the economic utilization of resources, the maintenance of soil fertility, rotation of crops, irrigation and reclamation, the careful use of available forest products, and the replanting of forests. The development of water power resources for irrigation and the production of electric energy is studied. The use of the most efficient methods in recovering natural gas, coal, and petroleum are considered as well as the efficient mining of iron ore, copper, and other metals, and the utilization of scrap metals. Lectures, readings, and reports.

First Semester. Dr. Carlson. Tues. and Thurs. 6:00-7:15 P. M.

510. ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY OF ASIA

A study is made of the physical features and climate of Asia, the agricultural developments and possibilities, industrial and power resources, transportation facilities, industrial development and possibilities. A fuller consideration is given to China, Japan, India, Siberia, and East Indies. Special attention is given to supplies or deficiencies in raw material, power and industrial equipment. Lectures, readings, and reports.

Second Semester. Dr. Carlson. Tues. and Thurs. 6:00-7:15 P. M.

[505. RESOURCES AND INDUSTRIES OF NORTH AMERICA

A careful study is made of the quantity and nature of the agricultural commodities produced as well as the soil and climatic conditions required for these commodities. An outline is given of the geographic regions with an emphasis on temperature, rainfall, and the length of the growing season. The relation between cattle raising and the production of grain and forage crops is considered. The power resources such as natural gas, coal, petroleum, and hydroelectric power are studied. Consideration is given to the amount and distribution of available mineral resources and the industries which have been developed on the basis of these resources; the location of the industries with respect to sources of raw materials, available power, and markets. Attention is called to the importance of good and adequate transportation facilities for the production and marketing of the agricultural and industrial products. Lectures, readings, and reports.]

First Semester. Dr. Carlson. Not given in 1928-29.

[506. ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY OF EUROPE

Consideration is given to the geographic regions of Europe and their relation to the production of agricultural products and industrial raw material and power resources; the influence of physical features and climate on production; the location and development of manufacturing industries. A more detailed study is made of the British Isles, France, Germany, Italy, Central Europe, the Balkan States, and European Russia. Lectures, readings, and reports.]

Second Semester. Dr. Carlson. Not given in 1928-29.

[508. ECONOMIC AND INDUSTRIAL GEOGRAPHY OF SOUTH AMERICA

A study is made of the geographic conditions of South America such as elevation, rainfall, and drainage. The agricultural developments and products are studied. The mineral and power resources are considered as well as the growing industrial development. Lectures, readings, and reports.]

Dr. Carlson. Alternate for 506. Not given in 1928-29.

[511-512. LATIN-AMERICAN TRADE

First Semester—Mexico, Central American and West Indian Countries.
Second Semester—The South American Countries.

After a preliminary study of the relative importance of the foreign commerce and investments of the entire area compared with other trade areas of the world and the share therein of the United States compared with other nations, each of the countries is studied in turn. After a very brief historical review of the origin of each nation and the character of the population and government, a detailed study is made of the resources, industries, productions, exports, imports, and foreign investments, especial attention being given to the participation of United States capital and management. While it is desirable for students to enter at the beginning of the year and continue throughout the year, entrance at the beginning of the second semester is permitted.]

First and Second Semesters. Dr. Manning. Not given in 1928-29.

PSYCHOLOGY AND SOCIAL ECONOMY

Professor Devine, Professor Bentley, Dr. Dunlap

501-502. SOCIAL ECONOMY. THEORY AND PRACTICE

This course studies the practical methods and technique of social organization. Assuming that any particular social problem is consciously recognized as such, the task here is to consider what can and what should be done about it. Each student undertakes a definite but limited piece of research; and the general discussions deal with the concrete methods of selected current organized social movements such as charity organization, community organization, housing reform, and public health.

First and Second Semesters. Professor Devine. Tues. and Fri. 7:35-8:50 A. M.

501-502. SYSTEMATIC PSYCHOLOGY

This course will present the major factors in modern scientific psychology. It will consist of lectures and discussions concerning sense-perception, association, memory, imagination, thought, and emotion, presenting these aspects in their broad and general relations.

The course is primarily intended for students in the Graduate and Political Science Schools, who desire an orientation in psychological science leading to the more technical and applied courses in Social Science.

First and Second Semesters. Professor Bentley. Friday 6:30-9:00 P. M.

503-504. SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY

A survey of the psychological foundation of society, with especial attention to the principles of social organization. Stress will be placed on the anthropological background of human institutions and social life.

The topics covered will include: Individual, racial, and sex differences; family, civic, and industrial types of organization; and the ethical factors entering into group life of all kinds. Social groups will be viewed as constituted by the inter-action and co-

ordination of individuals considered as conscious response agencies.

First and Second Semesters. Dr. Dunlap. Thursday 7:30-10:00 P. M.

[503-504. SOCIAL ECONOMY: HISTORICAL

This course examines the conditions and prevalent ideas in the domain of social relations among the ancient Jews, Egyptians, Babylonians, Greeks, Romans, and early Christians. The social institutions of medieval Europe are studied and the changes in the social economy of Europe precipitated by the Protestant Reformation and the French Revolution. In the second semester, on the historical background above mentioned, the course presents the history of social ideals in the United States.]

First and Second Semesters. Professor Devine. Given in alternate years. Not given in 1928-29.

[503-504. THE PRINCIPLES OF EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY

This course will present the major facts in the science of psychology to the educative process. The main topics considered are (1) the inheritance of traits and human nature capacity; (2) variations in learning and response; (3) the psychological laws of learning and inhibition; (4) the measurement of intelligence; (5) emotions, feelings, and attitude; (6) perception, association, and imagery; (7) attention, interest, and motivation.]

First and Second Semesters. Professor Bentley. Not given in 1928-29.

ENGLISH

Mr. Mayo

401-402. ENGLISH COMPOSITION

A course in expository thinking and writing. Special attention will be given to selecting material of various kinds, including that usually found in Government reports, and arranging and presenting it in a clear and effective manner.

First and Second Semesters. Mr. Mayo. Mon. and Thurs.
7:35-8:50 A. M.



MODERN LANGUAGES

401-402. FRENCH I

First and Second Semesters. Miss Devine. 3 hours per week.

403-404. FRENCH II

First and Second Semesters. Mr. Marchant. 3 hours per week.

421-422. FRENCH III

First and Second Semesters. Mr. Marchant. 3 hours per week.

405-406. GERMAN I

First and Second Semesters. Professor Leineweber. 3 hours per week.

407-408. GERMAN II

First and Second Semesters. Professor Leineweber. 3 hours per week.

409-410. SPANISH I

First and Second Semesters. Mr. Alonso. 3 hours per week.

411-412. SPANISH II

First and Second Semesters. Mr. Alonso. 3 hours per week.

423-424. SPANISH III

First and Second Semesters. Mr. Alonso. 3 hours per week.

413-414. PORTUGUESE

First and Second Semesters. Mr. Marchant. 3 hours per week.

415-416. CZECH

First and Second Semesters. Dr. Dvoulety. 3 hours per week.

417-418. RUSSIAN

First and Second Semesters. Professor Leineweber. 3 hours per week.

419-420. POLISH

First and Second Semesters. Professor Leineweber. 3 hours per week.

SUGGESTED TWO-YEAR CURRICULUM FOR THOSE PREPARING FOR THE FOREIGN SERVICE

(This course covers the subjects upon which candidates for appointment to the Foreign Service of the United States are examined and fulfills the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Political Science.)

FIRST YEAR

International Law.....	3 hours per week
Economics I.....	3 hours per week
American Diplomatic History.....	3 hours per week
American Government—First Semester.....	3 hours per week
Principles of United States Constitutional Law— Second Semester.....	3 hours per week
Principles of Foreign Trade.....	1½ hours per week
Modern Languages.....	3 hours per week

SECOND YEAR

International Relations.....	3 hours per week
Commercial Law (including Admiralty Law)....	3 hours per week
European Diplomatic History.....	1½ hours per week
Diplomatic History of the Near East.....	1½ hours per week
Trade with Europe—First Semester.....	3 hours per week
Documents Used in Foreign Trade—Second Semester	3 hours per week
Industries and Resources of the United States— First Semester.....	3 hours per week
Geography of Commerce—Second Semester.....	2 hours per week
Modern Languages.....	3 hours per week

SUGGESTED CURRICULUM FOR THIRD YEAR STUDY FOR THOSE PREPARING FOR THE DIPLOMATIC OR CONSULAR SERVICE

(For those candidates who desire to spend an additional year in study to prepare more thoroughly for their intended profession, the following course of study for an additional year is suggested. This would lead to the degree of Master of Political Science.)

International Law (Seminar).....	3 hours per week
International Law Procedure.....	3 hours per week
Trade with Europe—First Semester.....	2 hours per week
Documents Used in Foreign Trade—Second Semester	2 hours per week
History of American Diplomacy.....	3 hours per week
History of European Diplomacy.....	1½ hours per week
Diplomatic History of Latin America.....	1½ hours per week

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

Suggested Curriculum in Banking and Finance

FIRST YEAR

Economics I	3 hours per week
Interstate Commerce Law.....	3 hours per week
Business Organization and Banking.....	3 hours per week
Commercial Law.....	3 hours per week
Accountancy I.....	3 hours per week

SECOND YEAR

Business Finance and Investments.....	3 hours per week
Transportation	3 hours per week
Statistics	2 hours per week
Federal Taxation	1½ hours per week
Marketing	3 hours per week
Public Service and Industrial Corporations.....	3 hours per week
Economic Problems	3 hours per week

*Suggested Curriculum Preparing for the Profession of Certified
Public Accountant*

FIRST YEAR

Accountancy I	3 hours per week
Economics I	3 hours per week
Corporation Finance, Combinations, and Trusts..	3 hours per week
Industries and Resources of the U. S.—First Semester	2 hours per week
Geography of Commerce—Second Semester.....	2 hours per week
Marketing	3 hours per week

SECOND YEAR

Accountancy II.....	3 hours per week
Commercial Law.....	3 hours per week
American Government.....	3 hours per week
Banking	3 hours per week
Political History of the U. S.....	3 hours per week

FOREIGN TRADE.

Suggested Curriculum for Those Who Desire to Prepare for Foreign Trade Work.

FIRST YEAR.

International Law I.....	3 hours per week
Economics I.....	3 hours per week
Semester	2 hours per week
Geography of Commerce—Second Semester.....	2 hours per week
Geography of Commerce—Second Semester.....	2 hours per week
Commercial Law.....	3 hours per week
Modern Languages....	3 hours per week

SECOND YEAR.

Transportation	3 hours per week
Trade with Europe—First Semester.....	3 hours per week
Documents Used in Foreign Trade—Second Semester	3 hours per week
Trade with Latin-America.....	1½ hours per week
Marketing	3 hours per week
Modern Languages....	3 hours per week

Students whose needs are not met by any of the suggested curriculum will be assisted by the Director of the School in arranging a course of study which will meet their particular requirements.

DEGREES CONFERRED IN COURSE BY
THE AMERICAN UNIVERSITY.
JUNE, 1928.

BACHELOR OF ARTS

Jean Raldo Brown	Clarence Cecil Knapp
*Anna Bair Chaffin	Harold Robinson McClay
Mabel White Cornwell	David Robert Morgan
Lela Faye Covert	Randall Ridholls Penhale
Percy Warner Frazer	Howard Wesley Rash
Arthur W. Gerth	Helen Shurts
Edna Elizabeth Hawkins	Hugh Wilson Speer
John Courtney Hayward	Hattie Catherine Teachout
William Compher Warner	

BACHELOR OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

*Eva Lucile Casto	Frank Raymond Long, LL.B., LL.M.
Elizabeth Clapp, LL.B., LL.M.	William Boyd Milliken
Jonathan Bourne Wyatt, LL.B.	

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN COMMERCE

James Benjamin Grice, LL.B.
Lee Ross Wilson, LL.B., LL.M.

MASTER OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

- Nellie Ann Alsop, B.P.S., Thesis: Virginia's Reaction to the Compromise of 1850.
- Emerson Brewer Christie, A.B., Thesis: The Constitutional Experience of Modern Greece. A Chronological Summary with Special Emphasis on the More Recent Developments.
- Oscar Glen Iden, B.F.S., Thesis: The Problem of the Weak Railroad.
- Ward Wilbur Keesecker, A.B., M.A., Thesis: State Control of Religion in Public Schools.
- Raymond Edward Manning, B.F.S., Thesis: The Form of the State Statutes.
- Mildred Maroney, B.S., Thesis: Organized Labor in Mexico. A History and Delineation.

MASTER OF SCIENCE

- Floyd Leslie Echols, M.D., Thesis: Mental Hygiene. A Study of Preventative Medicine in Psychiatry.
- Samuel Myer Weisberg, B.S., Thesis: The Preparation and Properties of d-Gluconic Acid and the Gluconates.

MASTER OF ARTS

- Kenneth Smith Carlston, B.B.A., Thesis: The International Responsibility of a State for Injuries to Aliens Arising from Mob Violence.

* As of date of June, 1927.

- Slavko Cerick, A.B., Thesis: Bosnia and Herzegovinia under the Turkish Rule (1463-1878).
- Henry Thomas Converse, B.S., Thesis: A Study of the Feed Requirements for Normal Growth in Dairy Heifers.
- David Hobart Evans, A.B., Th.B., Thesis: Light from the Greek Papyri on the Epistle to Philemon.
- Arthur Sherwood Flemming, A.B., Thesis: Circumstances under which a State may be Held Responsible under International Law for the Defects of Its Judicial System.
- Maude Cecil Gunther, A.B., Thesis: The Biological Basis in Education in the Light of a Historical Review.
- Edyth Anna Huff, A.B., Thesis: Higher Education in the South from 1840-1860.
- Margaret Lambie, A.B., LL.B., Thesis: International Treaties, Conventions and Agreements Affecting the Practice of the Teaching Profession by Aliens.
- Dorothea Louise Mehring, A.B., Thesis: The Philosophy of the Family as an Institution.
- William Robert North, A.B., Pd.B., Thesis: Chinese Themes in Recent American Poetry.
- Margaret Thompson Olcott, A.B., Thesis: Taxation and the Farmer. A Selected List of References, with Critical Annotations.
- Alvin Thomas Perkins, A.B.
- Spencer Harris Reed, Ph.B., Thesis: The Federalist Party, 1789-1823.
- Marguerite Holzbauer Steis, B. of Phy. Ed., Thesis: Physical Education in Accredited Private Secondary Schools for Girls in the District of Columbia.
- William Lonsdale Tayler, A.B., Thesis: International Cooperation for the Abolition of Slavery.

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

- Edith Louise Allen, A.B., M.A., Thesis: American Housing as Affected by Social and Economic Changes.
- Peter Cooper, A.B., Thesis: The World Soul Concept in Greek Philosophy.
- Harold Merriman Dudley, A.B., M.A., Thesis: The Populist Movement.
- Elgin Earl Groseclose, A.B., M.A., Thesis: American Relations with Turkey, 1776-1880.
- Charles Spaulding Howard, B.S., M.S., Thesis: Suspended Matter in the Colorado River and Its Relation to the Development of the River.
- William Beck Kemp, B.S., Thesis: Genetic Selection and Equilibrium in Sexual Plants.
- Louis Wilson Mattern, B.S., Thesis: Chemistry in College Entrance and Graduation Requirements.
- Henry Hosie Rowland, A.B., B.D., M.A., M.Th., Thesis: The Moral Ideals of Confucius and of Jesus.

DOCTOR OF CIVIL LAW

Louis Malvern Denit, LL.B., LL.M., M.P.S., Thesis: The Origin and History of Inheritance Taxation in the United States.

Alice Paul, A.B., M.A., Ph.D., LL.B., LL.M., Thesis: Towards Equality. A Study of the Legal Position of Women in the United States.

Stuart Early Womeldorph, LL.B., LL.M., M.P.S., Thesis: The Conduct of American Foreign Relations, with Special Reference to the Participation of Congress.

THE SWIFT FELLOWSHIP

Theodore A. Loeppert, A.B. To study at the University of Berlin.

THE MASSEY FOUNDATION

A. F. Wynne Plumptre, A.B. To study Economics at Cambridge University, England.

Morley John Campbell Lazier, A.B. To study Physics and Mathematics at Cambridge University, England.

LIST OF STUDENTS IN THE SCHOOL OF THE POLITICAL SCIENCES, AND STUDENTS IN THE GRADUATE SCHOOL, MAJORING IN INTERNATIONAL LAW, INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, JURISPRUDENCE, GOVERNMENT, ECONOMICS, AND FOREIGN TRADE (1927-1928).

Acorn, Robert Edward, LL.B., LL.M., M.P.L., Georgetown Law School; A.B., Lafayette College.....	Washington, D. C.
Allen, Edith Louise, A.B., University of Illinois; M.A., Columbia University	Delavan, Pa.
Alsup, Nellie Ann, B.P.S., The American University.....	Washington, D. C.
Alsup, Pattie	Washington, D. C.
Arellano, Arsenio Yanza.....	Sariaya, Tay, P. I.
Ashcraft, Arthur Lee, B.S., Valparaiso University; M.A., George Peabody College	Meade County, Ky.
Bacalzo, Julian y Picazo.....	Caba, La Union, P. I.
Bezuchova, Blanche	Czechoslovakia
Bitzing, Henry Roy, A.B., Macalester College; LL.B., University of North Dakota; LL.M., Georgetown University.....	Mandan, N. Dak.
Boghossian, Martin H., A.B., Constantinople.....	Zimara, Armenia
Bowen, Raymond Jennings, LL.B., Washington College of Law; LL.M., The American University.....	Fresno, Ohio
Brown, Flora	Washington, D. C.
Brungart, Vera Catherine, LL.B., LL.M., Washington College of Law	St. Joseph, Mo.
Bucia, Simplicio Gementiza, A.B., George Washington University, Antequera, Bohol, P. I.	
Buley, Margaret	Washington, D. C.
Burmeister, Charles Alexander, B.S., Texas A. and M. College; M.A., The American University.....	Washington, D. C.
Burrows, Robert Newton, A.B., University of Texas; M.A., University of Wisconsin.....	Nacogdoches, Texas
Butts, Thomas Reed.....	Hedgesville, W. Va.
Byers, Minnie Hudson.....	Washington, D. C.
Callahan, Daniel Francis, LL.B., LL.M., Georgetown University, New Haven, Conn.	
Callahan, William Henry Shaw, LL.B., LL.M., M.P.L., Georgetown University	Providence, R. I.
Carazo, Elvaristo, A.B., B.S., Institute N. de Oriente; LL.B., Washington College of Law.....	Granada, Nicaragua
Carlston, Kenneth Smith, B.B.A. "magna cum laude," University of Washington	Seattle, Wash.
Cerick, Slavko, A.B., University of Arizona.....	Jugoslavia
Christie, Emerson Brewer, A.B., Yale College.....	Washington, D. C.
Clapp, Elizabeth, LL.B., LL.M., National University.....	Washington, D. C.
Clarke, Mary Augusta.....	Oklahoma City, Okla.
Clement, Clarence Elbert, B.S., University of New Hampshire; M.A., The American University.....	Washington, D. C.
Covert, Lela.....	Washington, D. C.
Daniel, Robert Clinton, A.B., Lynchburg College; M.A., George Washington University.....	Lynchburg, Va.

Davenport, Margaret Dyckman, A.B., Smith College; M.A., Columbia University	College Hill, Clinton, N. Y.
Davis, Edward Raymond, B.S., University of New Hampshire, Chevy Chase, Md.	
Denit, Louis Malvern, LL.B., LL.M., George Washington University; M.P.S., The American University.....	Washington, D. C.
Diedel, Caroline Virginia, LL.B., George Washington University, Washington, D. C.	
Dodd, Alice Mary, LL.B., George Washington University, Washington, D. C.	
Dudley, Harold Merriman, A.B., Simpson College; M.A., Northwestern University.....	Washington, D. C.
Dvoulety, Justina	Czechoslovakia
Eagan, Francis Thomas.....	Portage, Wis.
Edwards, Miriam	Attica, N. Y.
Enterline, Blanche Harriet, LL.B., National University.....	Tamaqua, Pa.
Evans, William Lewis, LL.B., LL.M., National University, Lee Center, N. Y.	
Farinas, Cesario, B.C.S., National University....	Bimalonan, Pangasinan, P. I.
Fisher, Marion	North Weymouth, Mass.
Flemming, Arthur Sherwood, A.B., Ohio Wesleyan University, Kingston, N. Y.	
Foster, Gerauld Van Nest.....	Lenox, Mass.
Foster, Margaret Dorothy, A.B., Illinois College; M.S., George Washington University.....	Washington, D. C.
Frank, Bernard, B.S., Cornell University.....	Brooklyn, N. Y.
Franks, Walter Hall.....	Washington, D. C.
Frederick, Pauline.....	Harrisburg, Pa.
Frey, Charles Millard, A.B., University of Nebraska; LL.B., George Washington University.....	Sterling, Nebr.
Gainey, Mary Catherine.....	Washington, D. C.
Gamboa, Felipe Brewster, A.B., M.A., University of Oregon, Iloilo, Iloilo, P. I.	
Garrett, Edward Long.....	Zanesville, Ohio
Garrett, Henry Joseph.....	Washington, D. C.
Glass, David Rose.....	Clarendon, Va.
Green, Robert Powell, B.S., University of Chicago.....	Louisville, Ky.
Greene, Charles Tull.....	College Park, Md.
Grice, James Benjamin, LL.B., National University.....	Savannah, Ga.
Griffiths, Leonard Shorpe.....	Baltimore, Md.
Groseclose, Elgin Earl, A.B., University of Oklahoma; M.A., The American University.....	New York, N. Y.
Guard, Madge Lee, LL.B., Washington College of Law.....	Utah
Harrison, Wilbur Lake, A.B., Young Harris College; LL.B., National University; M.A., The American University.....	Savannah, Ga.
Hartman, Joseph, B.C.S., Washington School of Accountancy; LL.B., LL.M., George Washington University.....	Crosby, Minn.
Hazard, Henry Bernard, LL.B., University of Oregon; LL.M., D.C.L., The American University.....	Portland, Ore.
Heiser, Elizabeth Isabel, B.S., South Dakota State College; M.A., University of Nebraska.....	Frederick, S. Dak.

Herbert, Clara Wells.....	Washington, D. C.
Holcomb, Joseph Newton.....	Crandall, Ga.
Huff, Edyth Anna, A.B., John Fletcher College.....	Clarinda, Iowa
Iden, Oscar Glenn, B.F.S., Georgetown University.....	Corvallis, Ore.
Jean, Winston Brooks.....	Washington, D. C.
Johnson, Bertrand Leroy, B.S., Massachusetts Institute of Technology.....	Washington, D. C.
Johnson, Grace Russell, A.B., Wells College; M.A., George Washington University.....	Washington, D. C.
Johnson, Otto Theophilus, B.S., University of Vermont; M.A., M.S., George Washington University.....	Proctor, Vt.
Jorgensen, Arnold Peter.....	Denmark
Keesecker, Ward Wilbur, A.B., M.A., George Washington University,	Clarendon, Va.
Kemp, Leonard	Relay, Md.
Kilgore, Elizabeth Selden, A.B., University of Kansas.....	Topeka, Kan.
Knox, Roy Francis.....	Cherrydale, Va.
Kossow, Max, LL.B., George Washington University.....	Talnaie, Russia
Kruszewski, Charles.....	Washington, D. C.
Kulitch, Radomir B., Graduate in Law, University of Belgrade,	Negotin, Krokina, Serbia
Ladd, Otey N.....	Tennessee
Lambert, Robert Earl, LL.B., LL.M., M.P.L., National University,	Princeton, Mo.
Lambie, Margaret, A.B., Vassar College; LL.B., George Washington University	Washington, D. C.
Lichtman, Henry Samuel.....	Washington, D. C.
Long, Frank Raymond, LL.B., LL.M., National University,	Washington, D. C.
McCarteney, Summerfield, A.B., George Washington University,	Seattle, Wash.
McClintock, Gertrude Mary, B.S., M.A., National University,	Clarendon, Va.
McCormick, Bertha Vandervort, LL.B., Washington College of Law,	Wellston, Ohio
McCoy, Grace Pierce.....	East Orange, N. J.
McGinn, Thomas Wallace.....	Crowley, La.
McGregor, Robert Gardner, Jr., A.B., Hamilton College,	New Rochelle, N. Y.
Mallard, Evelyn H., A.B., George Washington University; M.A., The American University.....	Thomasville, Ga.
Mann, Lida.....	Washington, D. C.
Manning, Raymond Edward, B.F.S., Georgetown University,	Walpole, Mass.
Maroney, Mildred, B.S., Oklahoma A. and M. College.....	Stillwater, Okla.
Marshall, Woody Corwin, A.B., M.A., University of Indiana,	Russiaville, Ind.
Martelino, Leopoldo Concepcion.....	Manila, P. I.
Martinez, Jose Balanon.....	Philippine Islands
Maserick, Albert Leo.....	Washington, D. C.

Mason, Clyde Shelton, B.S. in M.E., University of Michigan; LL.B., National University.....	Grand Rapids, Mich.
Mateos, Tamas Albert.....	Zamova, Spain
Mayers, Shirley Duvall.....	Fairmont, W. Va.
Mayo, Bernard, A.B., M.A., George Washington University, Washington, D. C.	
Meseke, Frank Bennett, Ph.B., University of Chicago; LL.B., LL.M., George Washington University.....	Columbus, Ind.
Metcali, Robert Wilder, A.B., Oberlin College.....	Washington, D. C.
Milliken, William Boyd, Jr.....	Denver, Colo.
Miltner, Wesley Henry.....	Wichita, Kan.
Moulton, Elma Saunders, A.B., Wellesley College; M.A., The Amer- ican University	Washington, D. C.
Moulton, Ethel.....	Washington, D. C.
Murdock, James Oliver, Ph.B., University of Chicago; LL.B., Harvard University	Washington, D. C.
Murray, Lucy Emory, A.B., Goucher College.....	Baltimore, Md.
Neprud, Carl, A.B., M.A., University of Wisconsin.....	Coon Valley, Wis.
Newell, Sterling Ruffin, B.S., University of Maryland.....	Washington, D. C.
Nicholas, Ashley Johnson, LL.B., K. of C. Law School; LL.M., Wash- ington College of Law.....	Hodgenville, Ky.
Nipe, Merlin Harris.....	Washington, D. C.
Nyman, Benjamin Lombard.....	Washington, D. C.
Nystrom, Benjamin Amer, B.S.A., Kansas State Agricultural College; M.S., The American University.....	Seattle, Wash.
O'Keefe, Thomas Daniel, B.F.S., Georgetown University; M.A., The American University.....	Greenfield, Mass.
Olcott, Margaret Thomas, A.B., Mt. Holyoke College.....	Glencarlyn, Va.
Olson, Axel Julius.....	Conover, Wis.
Oswell, Arthur Richardson.....	Mt. Lake Park, Md.
Palmer, Mildred B., A.B., Pomona College; M.A., Radcliffe College, Claremont, Calif.	
Patrick, John H., A.B., B.S., University of Missouri; LL.B., LL.M., George Washington University.....	Higbee, Mo.
Paul, Alice, A.B., Swarthmore College; LL.B., Washington College of Law; M.A., Ph.D., University of Pennsylvania; LL.M., The Amer- ican University.....	Moorestown, N. J.
Pendleton, May Harriet, Ph.B., Syracuse University; M.A., The Amer- ican University	Syracuse, N. Y.
Penhale, Randall.....	Washington, D. C.
Perling, Joseph, A.B., Columbia University; B.S., Southern Normal College	Washington, D. C.
Peters, Lillian Anne.....	Washington, D. C.
Pettit, Wayne Vernon, B.F.S., Georgetown University.....	Washington, D. C.
Powell, Kathryn Mozell, B.S., University of Virginia.....	Beaverdam, Va.
Putney, Pearl Lida.....	Washington, D. C.
Rackstraw, Elsie.....	New York, N. Y.
Ramsey, Thomas Edwin.....	Denver, Colo.
Reed, Spencer Harris, Ph.B., Lafayette College (Pa.).....	Tunkhannock, Pa.
Riddleberger, James Williams, A.B., Randolph-Macon College; M.F.S., Georgetown University.....	Woodstock, Va.
Rogers, Herbert Orville.....	Colorado Springs, Colo.

- Roher, Sarah.....Washington, D. C.
 Ross, Effie-Marie, A.B., George Washington University; B.Di., Des
 Moines University; M.A., The American University..Washington, D. C.
 Saied, John Edward.....Greenville, N. C.
 Sanchez, Valeriano Austria.....Manila, P. I.
 Santizo, Miriam Virginia.....New York, N. Y.
 Schwefel, Louis Judah, A.B., City College of New York..Washington, D. C.
 Scott, Elizabeth McK., A.B., Wellesley College; M.A., Radcliffe College,
 Pittsfield, N. H.
 Scott, Minot Ellis.....San Antonio, Texas
 Shanner, Charles Thomas.....Washington, D. C.
 Silva, Juan.....San Narcisco, Zambales, P. I.
 Sligh, John Henry, A.B., Newberry College.....Washington, D. C.
 Smith, Lathrop Embury.....Tryon, N. C.
 Smith, Robert Falligant, B.C.S., Washington School of Accountancy,
 Savannah, Ga.
 Solt, James Henry.....Washington, D. C.
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